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Box PATENT APPLICATION

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventors: Wynblatt et al.

For: A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR AUTHORIZING, DISTRIBUTING AND REPLAYING DERIVATIVE  
HYPERMEDIA CONTENT

This application includes:

10 pages: specification, 7 pages of claims, 1 page Abstract  
7 sheets of drawings,    formal/ X informal  
   photographs

Also enclosed is:

X Declaration and Power of Attorney \* but not including all inventors  
   Information Disclosure Statement pursuant to 37 CFR 1.56.

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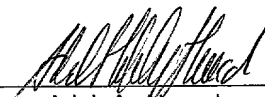
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Patent application

For: A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR AUTHORIZING,  
DISTRIBUTING AND REPLAYING DERIVATIVE HYPERMEDIA  
CONTENT

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To whom it may concern: the following is a full specification of an  
application for letters patent.

## A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR AUTHORIZING, DISTRIBUTING AND REPLAYING DERIVATIVE HYPERMEDIA CONTENT

The present invention relates to the field of information processing on a network such as the World Wide Web (WWW) and, more specifically, to authoring,  
5 distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content.

As the World Wide Web (WWW) becomes a more significant information source, there is an increasing need to share and reuse WWW information.

It is herein recognized as being desirable that a WWW user should be enabled to place annotations on WWW documents. There are prior art systems which allow  
10 certain kinds of annotations to be placed on WWW documents. The well-known Mosaic browser allows annotation of static text to a WWW document. However, this system has the limitation that the annotation was stored along with the document, and thus required the permission of the document owner to create an annotation. This prevented annotation on arbitrary pages as permission was  
15 typically not forthcoming, and it also resulted in security risks for the document owners who did grant permission. It also prevented users from having private annotations on a document.

Other systems, such as the ViewDirector Prism system, from TMS Sequoia, and the HotOffTheWeb system from Insight Development, allow graphical annotation  
20 on WWW documents. However, these annotations are static in nature, meaning that there is no timing or navigation information stored with them. Such a system cannot easily be used to author a tour through several pages as is herein recognized to be desirable. Moreover, these systems do not support voice annotation.

A natural mechanism for explanation or exposition is the so-called dynamic  
25 annotation, such as is described for image data in U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313, issued 17-Nov-1998 in the names of Hou, Tai-Yuan et al. (Siemens Docket #95P7547), whereof the disclosure is hereby incorporated by reference to the extent it is not inconsistent with the present application. Briefly, that application discloses a multimedia-based reporting system which utilizes a command interpreter to receive  
30 inputs from a user and forwards the inputs to an open report handler, a save report

handler, a delete current report handler, a mail report handler, a static annotation handler, a dynamic annotation handler including a recording and playback handler, an annotation on annotation handler, an attach media handler and a print report handler. Most relevantly to the current invention, the dynamic annotation handler  
5 allows the individual to record/playback annotations from the user input.

Creating an annotation involves recording the mouse gestures, drawings, and voice of the annotation author, along with timing information, so that the annotation can be later replayed in just the way that the author created it. Unlike the Mosaic, Prism, and Sequoia systems mentioned above, users of a dynamic annotation  
10 system could see the graphical annotations unfold in time with the comments of the author.

In accordance with an aspect of the present invention, there is described a tool which allows a WWW user to author a new kind of WWW content which is derivative from existing WWW documents. A user is able to add annotations to  
15 WWW documents, and record a "guided tour" through a series of WWW documents. The resulting tour is a combination of the existing WWW documents, the ordering and timing introduced by the author, and the author's annotations.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, the idea of dynamic annotation is extended to also record navigation events. In this way, hypermedia documents  
20 can be toured in an annotation.

In accordance with an aspect of the present invention, there is described a multimedia based system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content, including a tool which, for example, allows a WWW user to author a new kind of WWW content which is derivative from existing WWW  
25 documents.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, there are primarily three components to the system: an authoring system for recording dynamic annotations on hypermedia, a distribution system for distribution of those annotations, and a playing system for playing those annotations. The authoring and playing systems  
30 are comprised in a hypermedia browser, while the distribution system is partly

comprised in the browser and partly in a special remote server. The part of the distribution system within the browser is called the annotation manager, and the remote server is called the annotation server.

5 The present invention, as hereinafter described by way of exemplary embodiments, integrates the idea of dynamic annotation with a hypermedia browser such as a WWW browser. A traditional hypermedia browser is augmented with systems for recording, distributing, and playing dynamic annotations of hypermedia documents. The invention generates new opportunities for creating and sharing derivative content from hypermedia sources such as the WWW.

10 The invention will be more fully understood from the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments, in conjunction with the drawing, in which

Figure 1 shows the overall architecture of the system, as implemented for use with the WWW;

15 Figure 2 shows a layout of an embodiment in accordance with the present invention; Figure 3 shows the flow of control of a hypermedia browser in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 4 shows the operation of the system in accordance with the present invention in annotation mode;

20 Figure 5, in reference to a system in accordance with the invention, shows the operation of the annotation distribution system for the storing of an annotation.

Figure 6, in reference to a system in accordance with the invention, shows the operation of the annotation distribution system for the alerting users of the presence of annotations.

25 Figure 7 shows the operation of the system in accordance with the present invention, during annotation playback.

As the most widely used form of hypermedia is the WWW, the invention will be illustratively described herein in terms of the WWW, although the concepts and general design are fully applicable to any hypermedia system.

Figure 1 shows the overall architecture of the system, as implemented for use with the WWW.

A traditional WWW browser has several components, notably a network interface which can access documents from remote sites on the network using well-known protocols such as HTTP, and a document renderer which converts structured documents into a form which is understandable by a user. These components are widely available for incorporation into extended systems, as for example from the FastNet ActiveX component set from NetMasters LLC. To allow the users to access the new features of the current invention, several new user-interface objects are added. Each of these objects is described with the relevant new component.

Figure 2 shows a layout of a typical instance of this invention, with the new user interface objects indicated.

The invention described in the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313 allows the user to author dynamic annotations on electronic documents. The present invention allows the user to author annotations within a program for browsing hypermedia and furthermore exhibits three novel features: the capture and recording of navigation events, the capability to include multiple documents within an annotation, and the capability to insert hyperlinks to existing annotations.

On pages 8 and 9 of the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313, a list is provided of "significant events" which are to be recorded in the annotation.

Briefly, it is therein stated, in the context of events recorded during recording that two types of discrete events are included, the user-activated events and the time-sliced events. The user-activated events, of concern herein, have the format (event\_name, time, parameters). Events were described therein for many typical user-activated events such as moving a user-interface object on the screen, changing the color of some text, erasing a graphic, etc.

In accordance with the described embodiment of the present invention, the list of significant events is extended to include the following navigation events, which are common in hypermedia browsers:

- following a hyperlink

- invoking “forward”, “back”, “refresh”, or “home” browser commands
- jumping to a document through the use of a history list
- jumping to a document by invoking a “bookmark”
- scrolling the document in the viewable area

5 As with other events described in the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313, in accordance with the described embodiment of the present invention, each event is stored as (event\_name, time, parameters). The first four navigation events are all stored with the event\_name NEW\_DOCUMENT, and with a single parameter that stores the target document ID. Normally, this ID uniquely identifies the document.

10 In the case of WWW documents, the Universal Resource Locator (URL) serves as the ID. The scrolling events are stored as with the event name SCROLL and have one parameter to indicate the scrolling direction (left, right, up or down), and a second parameter to indicate the magnitude of the scroll.

Figure 4 shows the operation of the system in accordance with the present invention in annotation mode. During the authoring of an annotation, the occurrence of a navigation event other than a SCROLL event causes the hypermedia browser to load and render a new document in the usual way. The recording of the annotation, including the audio recording and the clock, pauses while the new document is loading, and resumes when the loading is completed.

15 This allows multiple documents to be annotated within the same annotation. As the clock is paused during loading, times for all events are stored independent of the loading time of the various documents accessed. For example, if the user causes a MOUSE\_MOVE event, the timestamp for this event would be the number of milliseconds since the annotation began, minus any time spent downloading.

25 Another novel feature of the dynamic annotation authoring component is the capability to create hyperlinks to existing annotations. The user creates a hyperlink by clicking on the target annotation identifier (marked H in Figure 2) in the annotation manager box (marked G in Figure 2) both of which are described in the next section. The hyperlink is stored as an event with event\_name

ANNOTATION\_LINK, a time, and one parameter giving the identifier of the target annotation.

In order to allow the user to access the features of the dynamic annotation authoring system from within the hypermedia browser, two user-interface objects were added to the traditional browser interface. These are:

- a browser-mode box with three buttons: browse, annotate and watch (A,B, and C in Figure 2)
- an annotation-mode box with two buttons: scribble and text (D and E in Figure 2)

10 A mode box is a collection of options, only one of which can be valid at a time. Figure 3 shows the flow of control of the hypermedia browser as determined by the two new mode boxes. The browser-mode is normally *Browse*, in which case the annotation-mode box is disabled (shown). In *Browse* mode, the normal WWW operations are in effect. Clicking on the annotate button switches the browser-mode to *Annotate*. In this mode (see Figure 4), events (including the navigation events listed in the previous section) are captured and stored as in the aforementioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313, depending on the annotation-mode. The annotation-mode box is enabled. Clicking on the text button sets the annotation mode to *Text*, and clicking on the scribble button sets the annotation-mode to *Scribble*. In both annotation-modes, mouse events are captured. In the *Scribble* mode, MOUSE\_MOVE events following a MOUSE\_DOWN event, but preceding the next MOUSE\_UP event cause a line to be drawn.

25 In *Text* mode, no lines are drawn, and MOUSE\_DOWN events are used to fix the X,Y coordinates for TYPE events. The first TYPE event receives the X,Y coordinates of the last MOUSE\_DOWN event, and successive TYPE events receive the same Y coordinate and an incremented X coordinate appropriate for the font size.

As shown in Figure 3, clicking on the browse button returns the browser to *Browse* mode, and ends the annotation. Clicking on the watch button switches the browser



to *Watch* mode in which the current annotation is replayed, as described in section “A Means for Playing Dynamic Annotations of Hypermedia.”

A second principal component of the invention is a system for distributing annotations. This system includes elements within the hypermedia browser, called the annotation manager, and elements at a remote server, called the annotation server. In general, the system allows the user to store annotations at the annotation server. When another user accesses the same hypermedia document, the browser checks the server for any annotations on that document. If there are, these annotations are made available to the new user for viewing.

In order to allow the user to access the features of the dynamic annotation distribution system from within the hypermedia browser two user-interface objects were added to the traditional browser interface:

- a save button (labeled F in Figure 2)
- an annotation manager box (labeled G in Figure 2), which contains annotation identifiers (labeled H in Figure 2).

After having authored an annotation and having returned to *Browse* mode, the user has the option of storing it on the annotation server. User interface element F is the save button. As shown in Figure 5, pressing the save button invokes a dialog box of the traditional kind, which allows the user to enter a name for the annotation and their own name. Once a name is entered, the annotation is written to the local disk as an annotation file, as described in the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313. The file is then transferred to the annotation server through the use of FTP or a comparable file transfer protocol, along with its name and/or the name of the author. An optional feature is that the annotation manager generates a visual icon representing the annotation, and sends that to the annotation server as well.

At the annotation server, the annotation file is stored in the annotation store. The annotation store can be any kind of traditional database. The annotation file entry is indexed by the unique ID of each document included within the annotation. These IDs can be extracted directly from the NEW\_DOCUMENT events in the annotation file.

As shown in Figure 6, each time a user accesses a document using the hypermedia browser, the annotation manager queries the annotation server using the ID of the document. If any annotations are stored in the annotation store which have been indexed with that ID, the names of these annotations, their authors, and their icons if available, are returned to the annotation manager. These names and icons are then displayed to the user in the annotation manager box, which is user interface element G, each separately, as shown in user interface element H. The user is thus made aware of any annotations which may be available for this document.

There are many protocols for restricting a user's rights to viewing annotations, each of which may be useful in different situations. Such protocols and will not be particularly described herein, in that the present invention is compatible with a number of possible choices of access protocol.

While the invention disclosed in the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313 allows the user to play dynamic annotations on electronic documents; the present invention enables the playing of annotations within a program for browsing hypermedia, and extends operation with three new features: the capability to play annotations over multiple documents, an enhanced synchronization system to handle arbitrary document loading times, and a means for displaying temporal hyperlinks to other annotations.

The user of the system can play previously recorded annotations by clicking on any of the annotations listed in the annotation manager box described previously. In addition, an annotation author can view the annotation he has just made by switching the browser into *Watch* mode, as shown in Figure 3. The operation of the system during playback is shown in Figure 7.

As described in the afore-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 5,838,313, annotations are played by processing each event that has been stored, in turn, while maintaining the timing as much as possible. In the case of NEW\_DOCUMENT events, the ID of the document is passed to the traditional browser modules for loading and rendering. Any subsequent events, such as drawing of lines or mouse gestures, are

displayed on the new document. In this way, annotations over multiple documents can be played.

A difficulty posed by multiple-document annotation, as opposed to single document annotation, is that the time required to load and render a new document is not consistent from recording to playback, or even from one playback to another. This is particularly true with WWW documents, for which the loading time can vary substantially. At playback time, this can cause the recorded audio and events, which are on an absolute timeline, to become unsynchronized with the associated document. In the present invention, this problem is solved by pausing both the recording and playback of annotations during the loading and rendering of new documents. Specifically, when a NEW\_DOCUMENT event is processed in *Watch* mode, playback is paused until the browser notifies the playback module that loading and rendering are complete. Further, the timestamps of all events are stored and interpreted relative to the completion of the loading of the most recent document. In this way, arbitrary loading times can be tolerated with no loss of synchronization.

As described previously, the present invention allows annotation authors to create hyperlinks to existing annotations. These are stored as ANNOTATION\_LINK events. During playback, ANNOTATION\_LINK events are interpreted by causing a special "link button" to appear on the browser temporarily. In the described exemplary embodiment, the link button appears initially bright red, and then slowly fades to white over a period of  $t$  seconds. Empirical tests show that five seconds is an appropriate value for  $t$ . After the link button becomes completely white, it is removed. While the link button is visible, the user may click on it. Clicking on the link causes the playback of the current annotation to pause, and playing to begin of the target annotation, that is, the annotation with the ID stored in the ANNOTATION\_LINK event. When the target annotation concludes, the playback of the previous annotation resumes at the event where it left off.

As there may be several annotation hyperlinks followed during a single playback session, a stack is required to maintain the state of the playback. Whenever the link button is clicked, the current annotation, and the index of the next event in the

annotation, are placed on the stack. Whenever an annotation concludes, the stack is checked to see if there are any outstanding annotations to resume. If the stack is empty, the playback is finished; otherwise the annotation on the top of the stack is removed, and playback resumes with that annotation.

- 5 While the invention has been described by way of exemplary embodiments, it will be understood by one of skill in the art to which it pertains that various changes and modifications may be made to the invention without departing from the spirit of the invention and that such changes and modifications are intended to be covered by the claims following.

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia  
5 content, said system comprising:  
  
an authoring system for recording dynamic annotations;  
  
a distribution system for distributing said dynamic annotations which have been  
recorded in the preceding step; and  
  
a playing system for playing said dynamic annotations which have been distributed  
10 in the preceding step.
2. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia  
content in accordance with claim 1, wherein said authoring system for recording  
dynamic annotations comprises:  
  
15 a system for capturing navigation events.
3. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia  
content in accordance with claim 2, wherein said playing system for playing said  
dynamic annotations comprises:  
20 a system for playing said navigation events.
4. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia  
content in accordance with claim 1, wherein said dynamic annotations are  
25 recorded on hypermedia.
5. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia  
content in accordance with claim 4, wherein hyperlinks may be created and  
followed between said dynamic annotations.

6. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content in accordance with claim 5, including a hypermedia browser, said authoring and playing systems being included in said hypermedia browser and said distribution system being in part comprised in said hypermedia browser.

5 7. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content in accordance with claim 6, including a remote annotation server.

8. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content in accordance with claim 7, wherein said distribution system is partly comprised within said hypermedia browser and partly within said remote  
10 annotation server.

9. A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content in accordance with claim 8, wherein said remote annotation server further comprises an annotation store, and a mechanism for indexing, retrieving and transferring annotation files.

15 10. A system, for use with a communications web or net, said net comprising at least one of the Internet and an Intranet, said system being for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content, said system comprising:  
an annotation server for being coupled to said communications net;  
a remote net server for being coupled to said communications web; and  
20 a net browser for being coupled to said communications web.

11. A system in accordance with claim 10, wherein said net browser comprises:  
a system for capturing navigation events.  
25

12. A system in accordance with claim 11, wherein said annotation server comprises an annotation store.

13. A system in accordance with claim 10, in which hyperlinks may be created and followed between annotations.

5 14. A system in accordance with claim 13, wherein said net browser comprises traditional hypermedia browser components, an annotation manager, an annotation recorder, and an annotation player.

10 15. A system in accordance with claim 10, wherein said system has a selectable Browse operating mode wherein said net browser functions in a traditional hypermedia browser manner, an Annotate mode wherein events generated by a user are recorded, and a Watch mode wherein a most recent annotation is played.

16. A system in accordance with claim 10, wherein said system displays available annotations for each document that a user visits.

15 17. A method for use with a communications web or net, said net comprising at least one of the Internet and an Intranet, said method being for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content, wherein said method comprises:

coupling each of at least one remote server, an annotation server, an annotation manager, and a net browser to said communications net; and  
20 selecting one of a Browse mode, an Annotate mode, and a Watch mode for respectively causing said net browser to function in a traditional hypermedia browser manner, causing events generated by a user to be recorded, and for causing a most recent annotation to be displayed.

25 18. A method in accordance with claim 17, wherein said causing events generated by a user to be recorded includes causing navigation events to be recorded.

18. A method in accordance with claim 17, wherein said causing a most recent annotation to be displayed includes causing navigation events to be displayed.
- 5 19. A method in accordance with claim 17, wherein said Browse mode, said Annotate mode, and said Watch mode are selectable by screen button functions.
20. A method in accordance with claim 17, comprising the steps of, when said Annotate mode is selected for recording events:
- selecting one of a drawing mode and a typing mode.
- 10 21. A method in accordance with claim 17, comprising the step of, upon selection of an icon or text representing an annotation:
- generating a link annotation event using the annotation ID of said item selected.
22. A method in accordance with claim 17, comprising the steps of, when said Annotate mode is selected for recording events, and upon one of (a) selection of an
- 15 item in an Annotation box, and (b) generation of a non-scroll navigation event:
- pausing recording of annotation;
- loading a document with given ID;
- rendering said document by said net browser; and
- resuming recording of annotation.
- 20 23. A method in accordance with claim 17, comprising the steps of, when said Browse mode is selected and upon activation of a save function:
- entering information including a user-selected name associated with a most recent annotation;
- generating an annotation file;
- 25 sending said name and said annotation file to said annotation server;



extracting document ID's from NEW\_DOCUMENT events in said  
annotation; and

storing a file with said information in an Annotation Store indexed by said  
document ID's.

5

24. A method in accordance with claim 22, comprising the steps of, when said  
Browse mode is selected and upon execution of a non-scroll navigation event  
which causes a new document to be loaded by the browser:

10 said Annotation manager sending an ID of said new document to said  
Annotation server; upon said Annotation server finding any annotations stored for  
said ID of a new document, said Annotation server sending annotation files along  
with any associated names and icons to said Annotation Manager, said Annotation  
Manager displaying annotation's name, author's name if any, and icon if any, of  
each annotation in an Annotation Manager box.

15 25. A method in accordance with claim 24, comprising the steps of, when said  
Browse mode is selected, and upon execution of a non-scroll navigation event  
which causes a new document to be loaded by the browser:

said Annotation manager sending an ID of a new document to said Annotation  
server;

20 upon said Annotation server finding no annotations stored for said ID of a new  
document, said Annotation alerting said Annotation Manager that there are no  
annotations for a current page.

27. A method in accordance with claim 17, comprising the steps of, when said  
Watch mode is selected:

25 processing events in a traditional manner in a Main Annotation Playback  
Loop.

28. A method in accordance with claim 27, comprising the steps of, when said Watch mode is selected, and upon processing of a non-scroll navigation event,

pausing playback of annotation;

loading a document having a selected ID;

5 rendering said document; and

continuing playback of said annotation.

29. A method in accordance with claim 28, comprising the steps of:

if said playback is complete, verifying whether an Annotation Stack is empty and, if so,

10 switching to said Browse mode and, if not, taking the top annotation from said stack and beginning playback from the designated event.

30. A method in accordance with claim 29, comprising the steps of, when said Watch mode is selected, and upon processing of a link annotation event,

15 creating a temporary Link Button which remains available to the user for a pre-determined length of time.

31. A method in accordance with claim 30, comprising the steps of, when said Watch mode is selected, and upon activating said Link Button,

20 placing the ID of the active annotation, along with the index of the next event in the active annotation on the top of the stack;

beginning playback of an annotation referenced in the most recent link annotation event.

32. A method in accordance with claim 31, comprising the steps of:

25 if said playback is complete,

verifying whether an Annotation Stack is empty and, if so,  
switching to said Browse mode and, if not, taking a top annotation from said stack  
and beginning playback from a designated event.

## **ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

5 A system for authoring, distributing, and replaying derivative hypermedia content comprises an authoring system for recording dynamic annotations; a distribution system for distributing the dynamic annotations which have been recorded in the preceding step; and a playing system for playing the dynamic annotations which have been distributed in the preceding step. The system is applicable to the Internet or World-Wide Web (WWW) and/or to Intranet use.

FIG. 1.

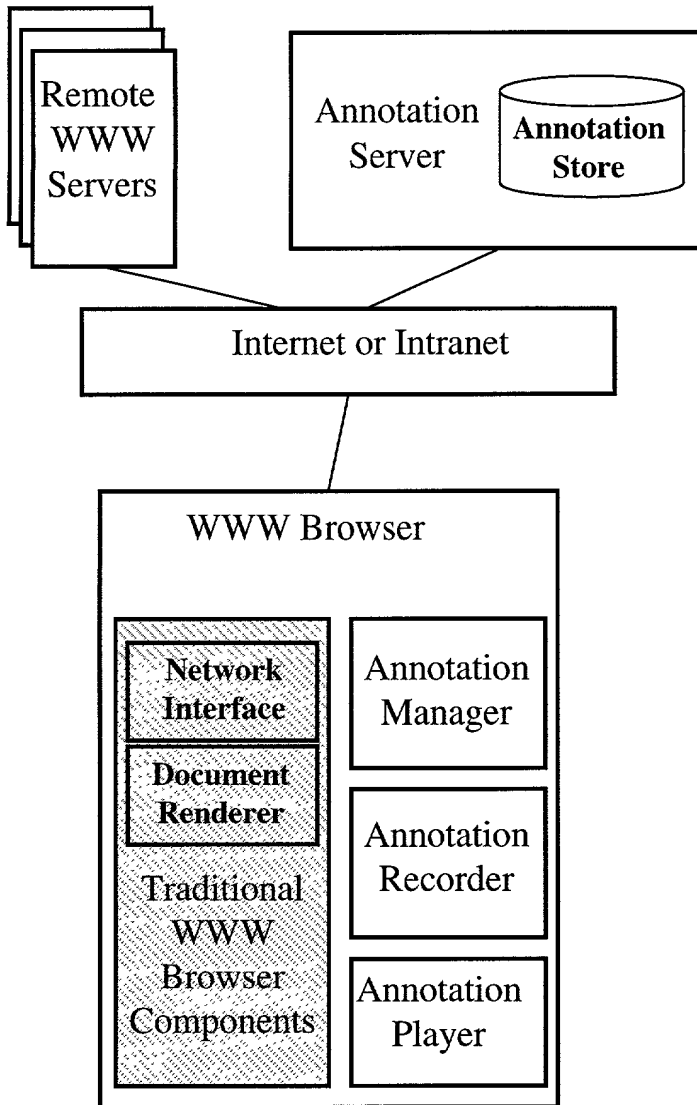


FIG. 2.

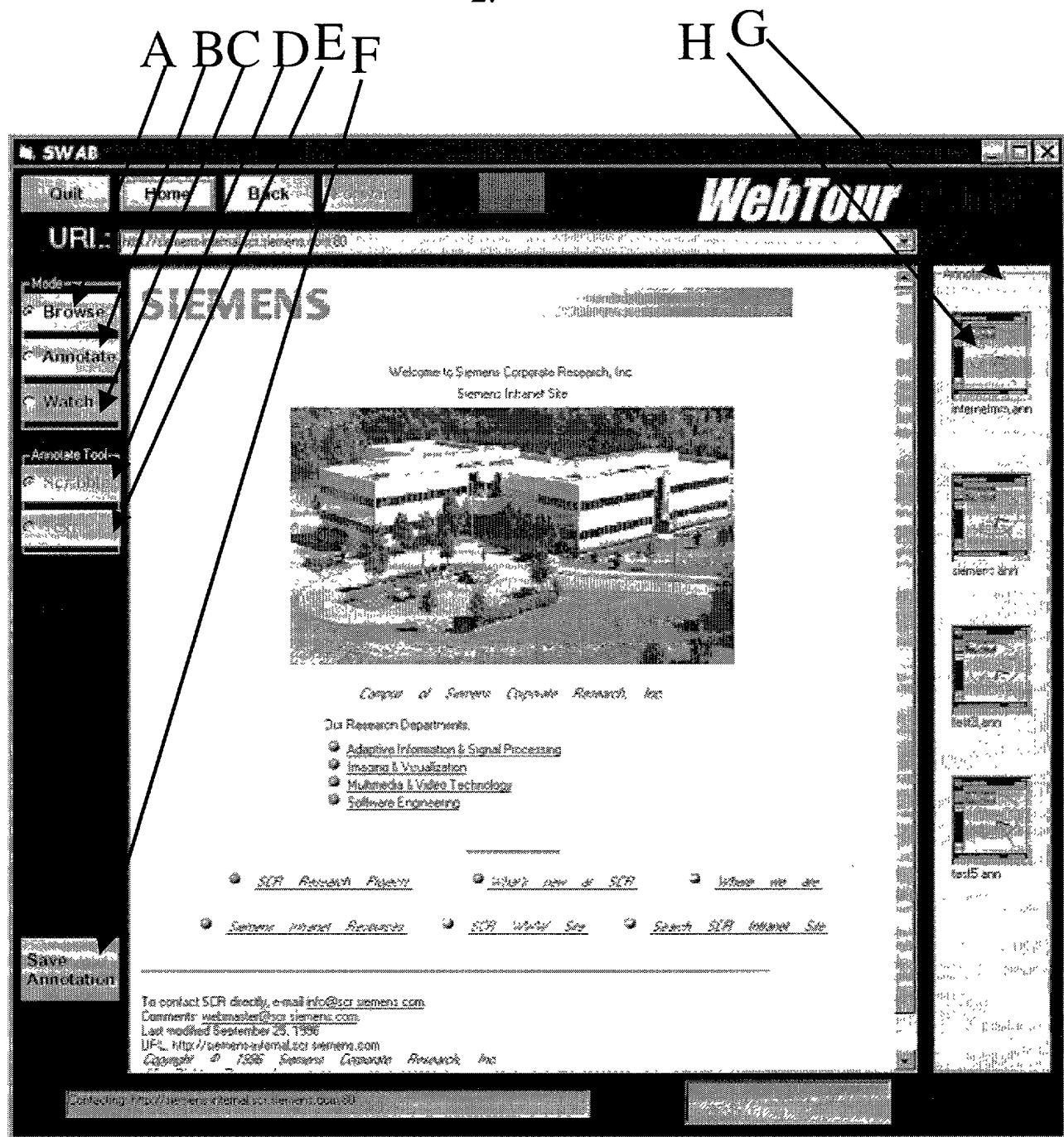


FIG. 3.

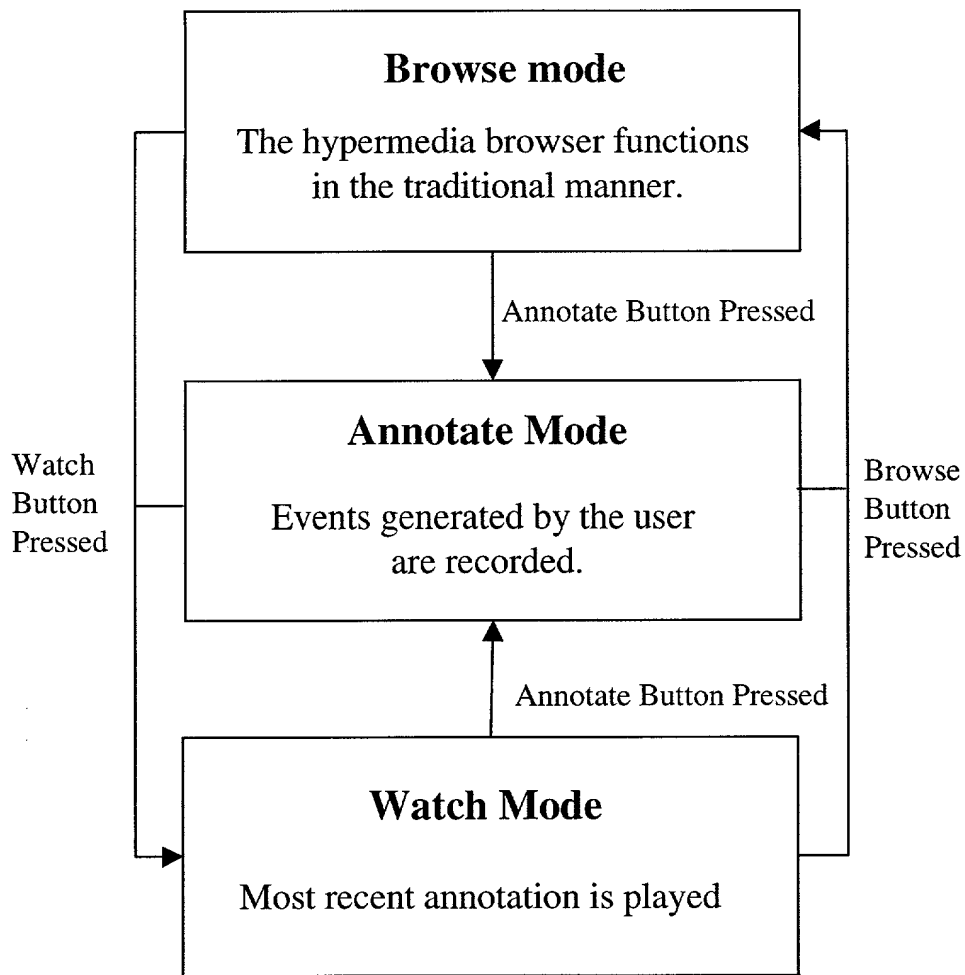


FIG. 4.

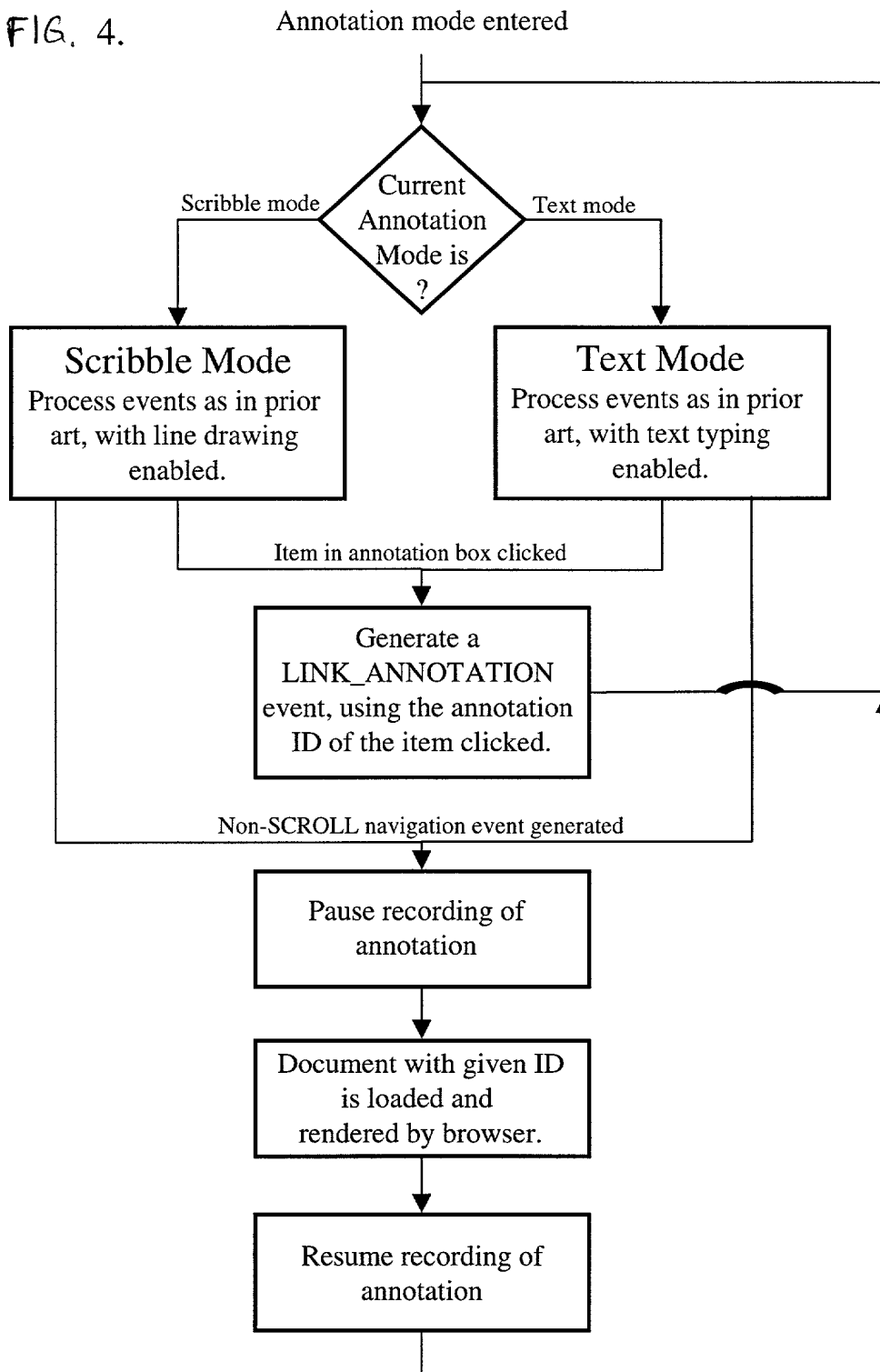
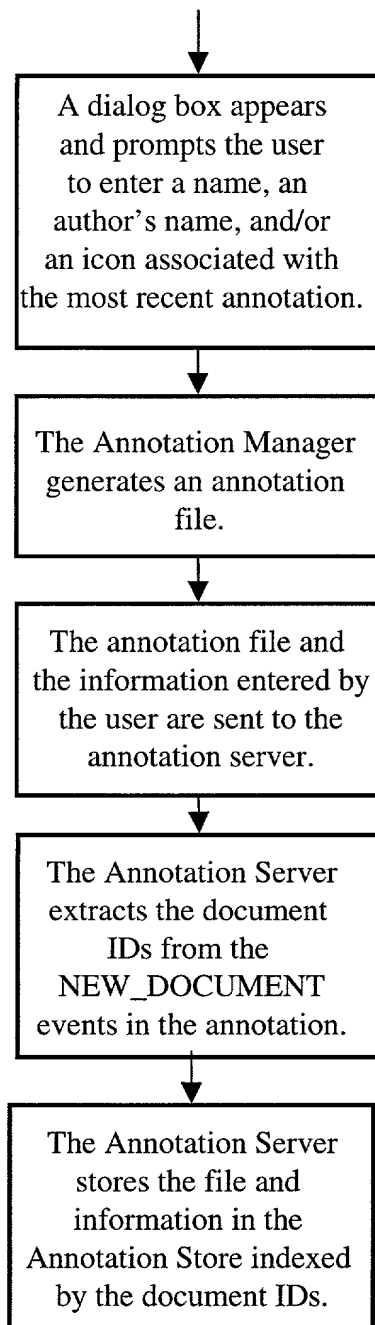




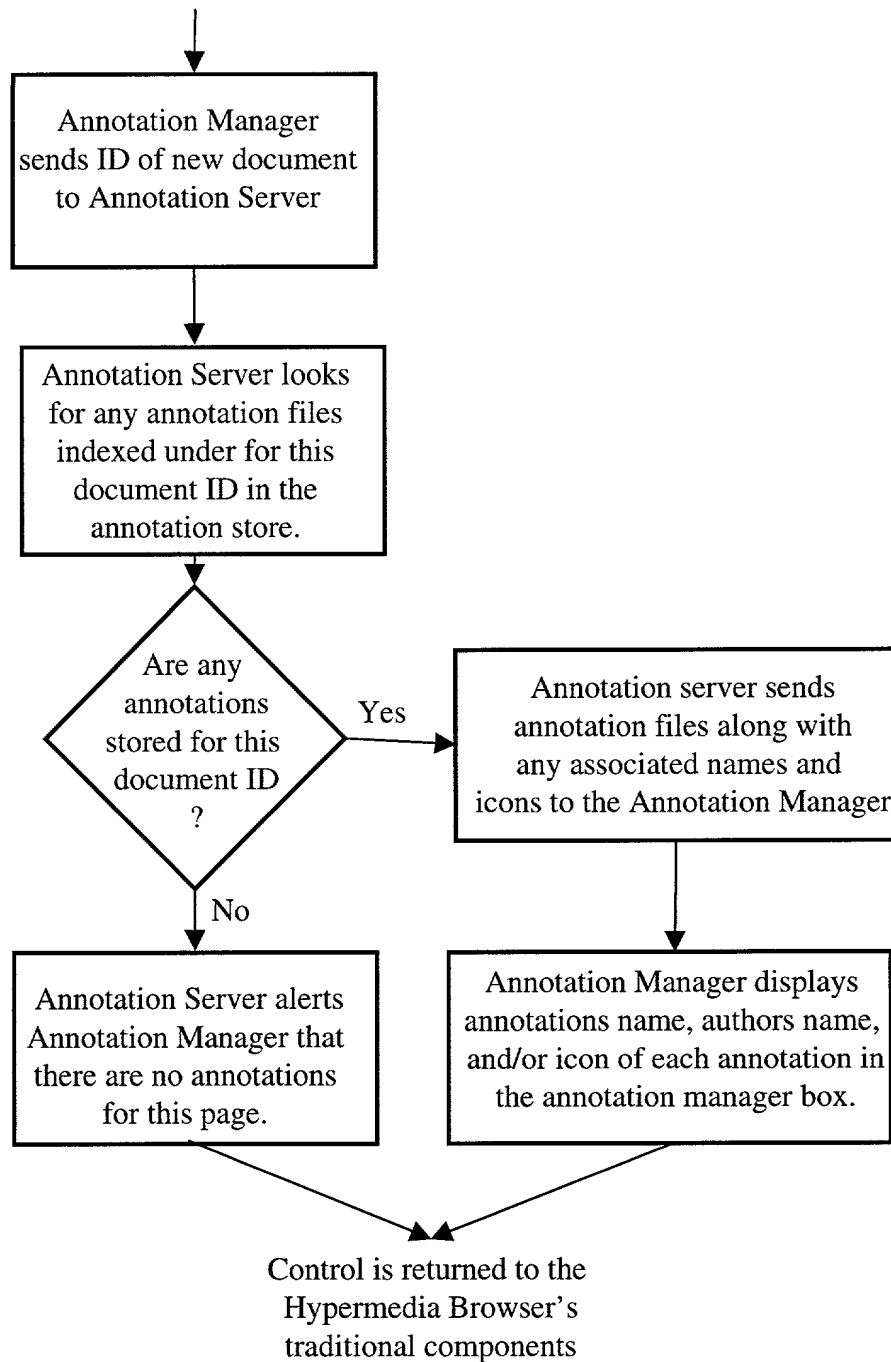
FIG.5.

User clicks the save button  
while in Browse mode



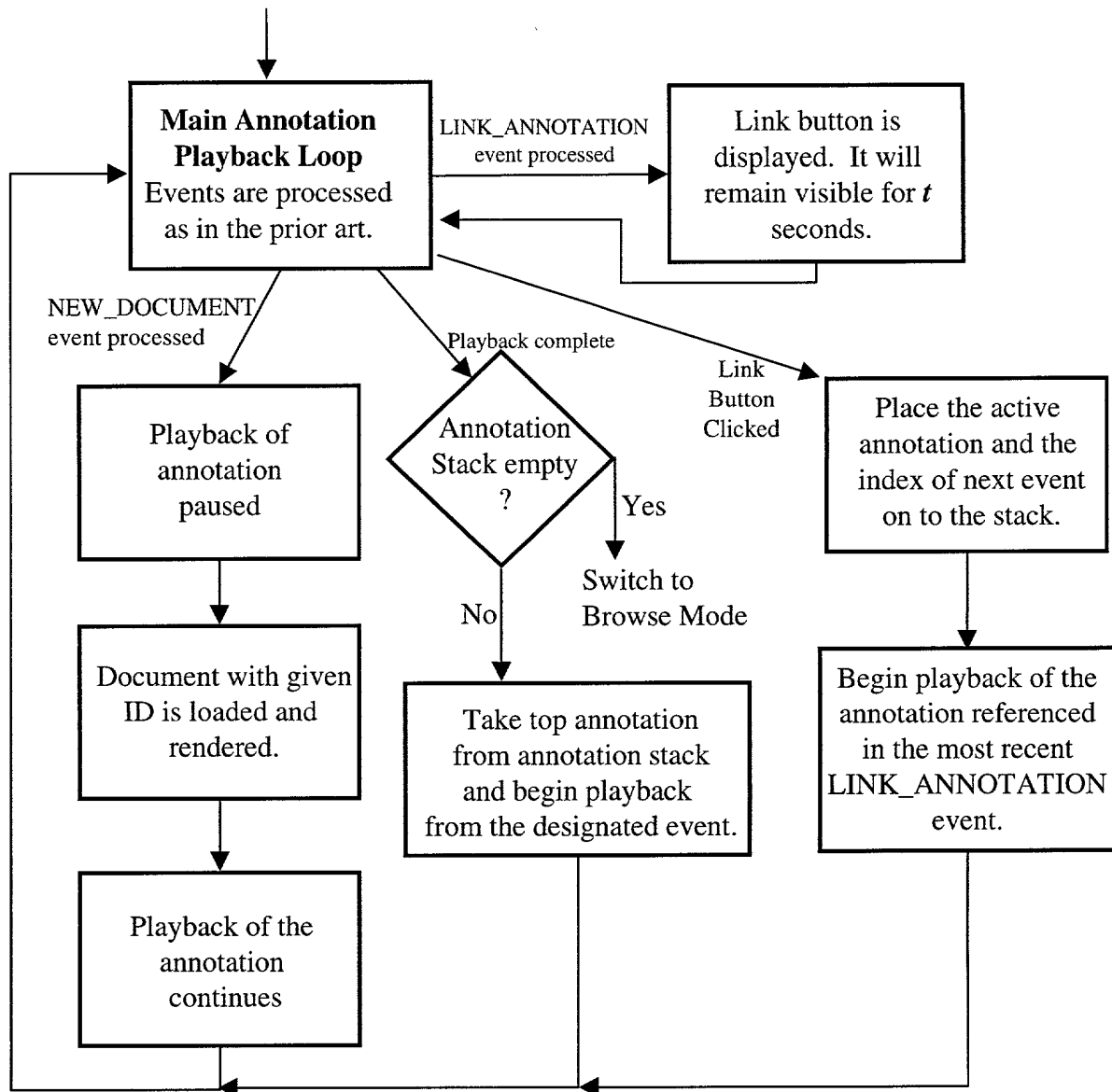
User causes Hypermedia Browser  
to load a new document  
while in Browser mode.

FIG. 6.



Watch mode is entered,  
or annotation in annotation  
manager box is clicked

FIG. 7.



**DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION & POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe we are the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR AUTHORIZING, DISTRIBUTING  
AND REPLAYING DERIVATIVE HYPERMEDIA CONTENT**

the specification of which  
  X   is attached hereto, and  
       was filed on                      as Application Serial No.                       
and was amended on                      (if applicable)

Listing of named inventor(s): Michael WYNBLATT; Arturo PIZANO; Arding HSU;  
Daniel C. BENSON; Chellury R. SASTRY; Vivek  
AGRAWALA

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Codes, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)			Priority claimed	
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/month/year filed)	Yes	No
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/month/year filed)	Yes	No
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/month/year filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)

Power of Attorney: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein on my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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